

Note

TOTAL SYNTHESIS AND BIOLOGICAL  
EVALUATION OF UNNATURAL  
(-)-MEDERMYCIN  
[(-)-LACTOQUINOMYCIN]

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Kalafungin<sup>1,2)</sup> (**1**), nanaomycin D<sup>1,2)</sup> (**2**) and medermycin<sup>3~5)</sup> (**3**: lactoquinomycin<sup>6)</sup>) are members of a family of pyranonaphthoquinone antibiotics. Kalafungin (**1**) and nanaomycin D (**2**) are enantiomers and, interestingly, are endowed with almost the same antibacterial activities. Structurally, kalafungin (**1**) is a major segment of medermycin (**3**).

Consequently, in order to provide additional insight into their mode of action, we have synthesized the unnatural (-)-enantiomer (**3'**) of medermycin having a C-glycoside and have examined its antibacterial activity.

Since we have already accomplished the first total synthesis of natural (+)-medermycin<sup>7)</sup> (**3**), we applied the same protocol to the present synthesis

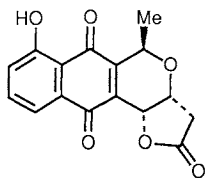
by using L-rhamnose as the enantiomeric starting material.

The physico-chemical and spectral data of (-)-medermycin (**3'**) (mp ~155°C (dec)<sup>6,7)</sup>;  $[\alpha]_D^{23}$  -264° (c 0.12, MeOH)<sup>6,7)</sup> and its hydrochloride

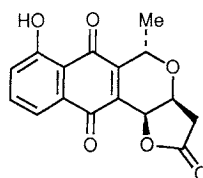
Table 1. Antibacterial activities of hydrochlorides of **3** and **3'**.

	MIC (μg/ml)	
	<b>3</b> ·HCl	<b>3'</b> ·HCl
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> FDA 209P	<0.47	<0.47
<i>S. aureus</i> Smith	<0.47	<0.47
<i>S. aureus</i> MS 9610	<0.47	<0.47
<i>Micrococcus luteus</i> FDA 16	3.75	1.87
<i>M. luteus</i> PCI 1001	3.75	1.87
<i>Bacillus anthracis</i>	0.94	0.94
<i>B. subtilis</i> NRRL B-558	<0.47	<0.47
<i>B. subtilis</i> PCI 219	<0.47	0.94
<i>Corynebacterium bovis</i> 1810	3.75	1.87
<i>Escherichia coli</i> NIHJ	30	15
<i>Shigella dysenteriae</i> JS 11910	30	15
<i>Salmonella typhi</i> T-63	>30	>15
<i>Proteus vulgaris</i> OX 19	30	15
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> A3	>30	>15
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> PCI 602	>30	>15
<i>Mycobacterium smegmatis</i> ATCC 607	>30	>15
<i>Candida albicans</i> 3147	>30	>15

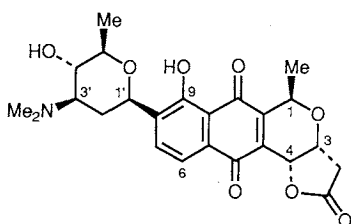
Medium: Mueller-Hinton agar (Difco).



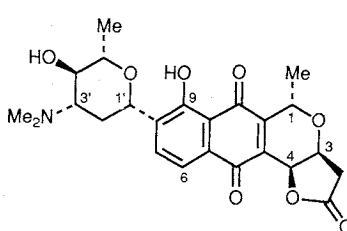
Kalafungin (**1**)



Nanaomycin D (**2**)



(+)-Medermycin (**3**: lactoquinomycin)



(-)-Medermycin (**3'**)

(mp  $\sim 190^{\circ}\text{C}$  (dec)<sup>3,7</sup>;  $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{23} -183^{\circ}$  (*c* 0.08, MeOH)<sup>3,7</sup>) were completely identical with those of authentic samples<sup>†</sup> of natural (+)-medermycin (**3**) and its hydrochloride except for the signs of optical rotations.

Remarkably, the antibacterial activities (Table 1) of unnatural (–)-medermycin (**3'**) were almost the same as those of natural (+)-medermycin (**3**), indicating that the stereochemistry of the C-glycoside and lactone moieties was not significantly responsible for the nature of their biological activities.

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